Complete this guide to ensure alignment to NVACs – WL and access and equity. Criterion points provided for each category.

CATEGORY I: Designed for NVACS – World Language		
	EVIDENCE	REASONING
 Material supports all students in building understanding of AND using proficiency level appropriate interpersonal communication as described in the NVACS for World Language that aids students to interact and negotiate meaning. Learners are presented with the opportunity to negotiate meaning in spoken or signed conversations. Learners are presented with the opportunity to negotiate meaning in written conversations. Learners are presented with the opportunity to negotiate meaning in written conversations. Learners are presented with the opportunity to create original communication. 	 p. 53, Act. 13, Paso 2; p. 101, Act. 15, Pasos 1 & 2 (Audio in Explorer/Así se dice 2); p. 171, Act. 27, Paso 2 (Explorer/Unidad 3/Comunica/Observa 3/Act. 27, Paso 1). 	 Students use models and Expresiones útiles to create communication that challenges them where they are at; Students use models and Expresiones útiles to create communication that challenges them where they are at; Students listen to audio/video and use what they learn to write an email to share what they have in common with the videoblogger.
 2. Material supports all students in building understanding of AND using proficiency level appropriate interpretive communication as described in the NVACS for World Language. Learners are presented opportunities to understand, interpret, analyze what is heard. Learners are presented with the opportunities to understand, interpret, analyze what is read. Learners are presented with the opportunities to understand, interpret, analyze what is read. Learners are presented with the opportunities to understand, interpret, and analyze what is viewed. Learners are presented with the opportunities to understand, interpret, analyze authentic resources. 	 p. 70, Act. 26, Pasos 1-5; p. 105, Act. 18, Paso 1 & 2; pp. 142-143, Act. 2, Pasos 1-3 (Explorer/ Unidad 3/Comunica/Video blog: Soy Marina). 	 Students read an authentic advertisement and look for details, key words, and make inferences; Students read a text message exchange and idenitfy new information and comparisons between the new chat participants; Students watch a videoblog and make predictions and listen for key words and details.

 3. Material supports all students in building understanding of AND using proficiency level appropriate presentational communication as described in the NVACS for World Language. Learners are provided with the opportunity to present information, concepts, and ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate in spoken or signed language. Learners are provided with the opportunity to present information, concepts and ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate in written language. Learners are provided with the opportunity to present information, concepts and ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate in written language. Learners are provided with the opportunity to present on a variety of topics to a variety of audiences. Learners are provided with the opportunity to adapt and use appropriate media. 	1. p. 67, Act. 23; 2. p. 92, Act. 6; 3. p. 183, Act. 33, Paso 4.	 Students create a Pecha Kucha presentation and record it (video or audio) in the Learning Site to submit online; Students create a shopping list of school supplies for a new student; Students write a poem based of an example of Manuela mi abuela.
 4. Material supports all students in building understanding of AND relating cultural practices to perspectives as described in the NVACS for World Language. Learners are asked to use proficiency level appropriate language to investigate the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied. Learners are asked to use proficiency level appropriate language to explain the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the culture studied. Learners are asked to use proficiency level appropriate language to replain the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the culture studied. Learners are asked to use proficiency level appropriate language to reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures studied. Learners are presented with authentic products and perspectives of the culture studied. 	1. p. 70, Act. 27; 2. p. 93, Enfoque cultural; 3. p. 184, Act. 34, Paso 3.	 Students read between the lines of an advertisement to learn about cultural perspectives and compare with their own; Students learn about regional vocabulary and identify sterotypes or preconeived ideas about those who use that langauge; Students study art to understand the role of family gatherings and dance.

 5. Material supports all students in building understanding of AND relating cultural products to perspectives as described in the NVACS for World Language. Learners are presented with authentic products and perspectives of the culture studied. Learners are asked to use proficiency level appropriate language to investigate the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied. Learners are asked to use proficiency level appropriate language to explain the relationship between the products and perspectives of the culture studied. Learners are asked to use proficiency level appropriate language to explain the relationship between the products and perspectives of the culture studied. Learners are asked to use proficiency level appropriate language to reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied. 	1. p. 77, Act. 35, Reflexión intercultural; 2. p. 126, Act. 33, Paso 1-4; 3. p. 140, Act. 1.	 Students investigate the differences in how the continents are represented in maps in Spanish and English and how that migt affect their perspective; Students learn about school uniforms and students' attitudes about them; Students identify images of products that represent the country and state of focus for the unit and explain their reasons.
 6. Material supports all students in making connections to other disciplines using proficiency level appropriate language as described in the NVACS for World Language. Learners are asked to build, reinforce, and expand their knowledge of other disciplines while using appropriate proficiency level language. Learners are presented with the opportunity to use proficiency level appropriate language to develop critical thinking. Learners are presented with the opportunity to use proficiency level appropriate language to solve problems creatively. 	1. p. 74, Act. 29-30; 2. p. 90, ¿Qué necesitamos para la clase?; 3. pp. 138-139, Comparaciones.	 Students expand their knowledge of music by investigating different genres of music and instruments; Students use math to understand the prices of items using the currency from other countries; Students discuss events in a historical timeline of a Spanish- speaking country and the US and compare major events.

 7. Material supports all students in using proficiency-level appropriate target language to compare the target language to their own as described in the NVACS for World Language. Learners are presented with the opportunity to use the target language to investigate the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own. Learners are presented with the opportunity to use the target language to explain the nature of language through comparisons of the language through comparisons of the language studied and their own. Learners are presented with the opportunity to use the target language to explain the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own. Learners are presented with the opportunity to reflect on the nature of the language through comparisons the langu	1. p. 57, Detalle gramatical & Act. 17; 2. p. 99, Estrategias; 3. p. 174, Síntesis de gramática.	 Student reflect on the difference between two question words which would both be translated the same in English and then use them to create interview questions; Students investigate the use of cognates to recognize words as they read; Students compare the placement of adjectives in English and Spanish when describing people.
 8. Material supports all students in using proficiency-level appropriate target language to compare the target culture to their own as described in the NVACS for World Language. Learners are presented with the opportunity to use the target language to investigate the concept of culture through comparisons of the culture studied and their own. Learners are presented with the opportunity to use the target language to explain the concept of culture through comparisons of the culture studied and their own. Learners are presented with the opportunity to use the target language to explain the concept of culture through comparisons of the culture studied and their own. Learners are presented with the opportunity to reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the culture studied and their own. 	1. p. 69, Act. 25, Paso 2; 2. p. 128, Act. 33, Reflexión intercultural; 3. p. 156, Enfoque cultural.	 Students investigate bilingualism in another country and in the U.S. and compare similarities and differences; Students reflect on how the use of school uniforms reflect cultural values in another country and in the U.S.; Students compare the idea of independence and leaving the nest as a young adult in another country and in the U.S

9. Material supports all students in providing examples of opportunities to interact within school and global communities using proficiency level appropriate target language as described in the NVACS for World Language .	1. pp. 78-79, En mi comunidad; 2. pp. 132-133, En mi comunidad; 3. pp. 192-193, En mi comunidad.	 Students investigate the languages used in their community and reflect on the impact that has in them and their community; Students look at schools' vision, mission, motto, and/or philosophy to reflect on how a school's identy and values are reflected in their community;
Learners are provided with examples of opportunities to use the target language both within and beyond the classroom to interact in their community and the globalized world.		3. Students investigate family stories and reflect on common elements in family history acorss cultures.
Learners are provided with examples of opportunities to use the target language to collaborate in their community and the globalized world.		

CATEGORY 2: Access and Equity

	EVIDENCE	REASONING	
 Proficiency level appropriate teacher supports are provided to guide teachers in making student learning relevant, ways for students to share their experiences, connections to previous experiences, draw and connect to language and culture, etc. 	 Red teacher notes throughout Teacher Edition; pp. 450-465, Appendix F: Instructional Strategies; pp. xvi-xxix, Approaches to Teaching; Explorer/Instructional Strategies Toolkit; Explorer/Recuros, Sólo para profesores. 	 These notes provide information to teachers about resources available online, things to point out/remind students of, answers, teaching suggestions, and more; This appendix provides teachers with teaching suggestions, ideas for staying in the target language, games, and other helpful hints; This front matter provides teachers with research and explanations of the underlying pedagogical principles of EntreCulturas; This online database provides teachers with 199 strategies that can be used to engage students. The database is searchable by mode of communication, skill, proficiency-level, and many other tags; This folder provides added information and resources for teachers such as song resources, assessment guidelines, proficiency resources, audio scripts, answer keys, and more. 	
2. Instructional materials are made accessible to all students by providing supports AND scaffolds consistently throughout (Supports include: differentiated reading material, language needs, etc., Scaffolds include: prompts, sentence frames, graphic organizers, anchor charts, etc.).	1. p. 43, Act. 5, Paso 1 & 2; 2. p. 105, Act. 18, Paso 3; 3. p. 147, Act. 5, Paso 4;	 Students have a graphic organizer to record answers for the interpretive task in in Paso 1 and a model to follow for the interpretive task in Paso 2; Students are provided with sentence frames to compare their school with that of a Latino student; Students have an email template with the greeting, introductory sentence, and closure provided for them. 	
3. Provides diverse opportunities for students to represent, share, justify, and revise their thinking with equity of voice consistently throughout the material.	 1. Explorer/Discussion Forum; 2. Explorer/Tasks; 3. Explorer/Classroom Forum. 	 Students are able to participate in an online discussion forum to share what they have learned about various cultural concepts. They can share their ideas via written, oral, or video comments so that others can comment/reply; Teachers are able to set the number of attempts students have to complete a task so that after they receive feedback they can go back in and revise their work; Students can upload their work (written, audio, or video files) to the online forum so that others can provide feedback on their work and revisions can be made as appropriate. 	

4. Instructional materials provide appropriate images, text, and activities which represent the diversity of our current society in a culturally responsive manner throughout the material.	1. p. 60, Act. 20, Paso 1; 2. p. 104, Images on page; 3. p. 147, Enfoque cultural.	 Students watch a video about an underprivelaged community that has overcome obstacles to do amazing things; Images show students of various racial backgrounds participaintg in a variety of sports; Students are provided with language to describe new family models.
5. Instructional materials include assurance from publishers agreeing to comply with the most current National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard (NIMAS) specifications regarding accessible instructional materials.	We believe that all educators and learners should be able to access and use our textbook and digital content. See more on accessibilility: https://waysidepublishing. com/about/accessibility. accessible formats. Wayside Publishing is able to provide alternative versions of products to meet the needs of students.	NIMAS guides the production and electronic distribution of digital versions of textbooks and other instructional materials so they can be more easily converted into accessible formats. Wayside Publishing is able to provide alternative versions of products to meet the needs of students.